



## Unsportive Political Game

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### Abstract

*Athiya Nathiya Komanechi, the 'platic girl' was the star of 1976 Montriol Olympics. Immediately after her return from the Olympics she was honoured by awarding the "Hero of the socialist party" Nation's greatest award. But in the year 1989 she protested against Nikoleys Dictorship. This raised a big controversy there. Later she and some of the followers fled from Rumania of hungry. After spending four days in the frontier of Hungry went to America. She become the proclaimed foe of rumanice and therefore sought refuge in America. She married an American gymnast Bast carhen and took American Citizenship.*

**Keywords:** Unsportive, Political, Game.

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### Introduction

It is not a new phenomena that when the social freedom of a country is curtailed sports personalities take the centre stage and against the evils. That is what has happened in Pakistan quet some time back. When the president of Pakistan Gen. Pervez Musharraf called for an emergency in Pakistan the internationally reputed cricketer and Imrankhan openly reacted against the dictatorship of General Musharraf. The previous parliamentary member of the nation and the chairman of Tehrike Insa. Imran was kept under house arrest from the second day of emergency. Fortunately he escaped from there and reacted against Gen Musharraf through the visual medias and was again arrested when he tried to lead a demonstration along with the students of Lahore University.

The history has seen this type of resentment from sports personalities sounding against the dictatorship of political leaders. The Brazil government in 1971, by all means tried to bring back Pele the International footballer (Black Pearl) to the national team after his retirement. But he denied govt's offer as a protest against the atrocious military rule. In the year 1964 the military came to power and contained till 1985. This period was marked by a lot of brutalities and atrocities in which many people were killed and several injured. The military generals even threatened Pele. But he stood firm in his word and he proclaimed that he is ready to fight for Brazel's freedom but will not team up for world cup. Although Pele was physically sound and his performance was at the peak he reclined to

participate in world cup to show his strong protest against the military regime. Many rumours began to spread about the crucial decision taken by Pele. Then non participation of pele in 1974 world cup has lead to so many conspiracies also. It continued till 1999 when Pele himself put an end to such gossips in an interview to Bantirants T.V.

Athiya Nathiya Komanechi, the 'platic girl' was the star of 1976 Montriol Olympics. Immediately after her return from the Olympics she was honoured by awarding the "Hero of the socialist party" Nation's greatest award. But in the year 1989 she protested against Nikoleys Dictorship. This raised a big controversy there. Later she and some of the followers fled from Rumania of hungry. After spending fourdays in the frontier of Hungry went to America. She become the proclaimed foe of rumanice and therefore sought refuge in America. She married an American gymnast Bast carhen and took American Citizenship. In the year 1992 America's reputed Chess player Bobby Fisher participated in a chess competition in yogoslavia in which he defeated Boris spacki of Russia and won 3 million U.S dollars as prize money. This lead to another great controversy for he reached yogoslavia overruling the financial restrictions imposed by America on yogoslavia and against national interest. America declared arrest warrant against him the federal court sentenced him to 10 years of impressionment and nullified his passport. America got infuriated when he publicly justified the terrorist attack of sept. 11. When he was about to leave for Japan to catch the flight to philipers he has Philippines from Tokyo he was arrested at the Tokyo airport. Although he was later set free he voiced against George Bush and America. After that Iceland gave him their citizenship.

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Former International cricketer Henry Olongo was a blot in the eye of Zimbabweans. It was during the 2003 world cup between South Africa & Zimbabwe that Olongo became an enemy of his own country. He and his co-player protested against the anti democratic actions of the president of Zimbabwe and wore a black band on his sleeves during the world cup match. If they come back to Zimbabwe they may have to face severe punishment and they can even be condemned to death. They escaped from the hands of police who were waiting to arrest them. The black power salute of 1968 made by the U.S sprinters Tomy Smith and John Carlose against racism of the U.S govt remains as a poignant reminiscence. When the National anthem of America was sung these two sprinters were standing were standing on their the victory stand and raised their first which was covered with black gloves. After the Olympics America has corned these athletes aside so as to take vengeance on them. Unable to bear this alienation of her husband wife of Carlose committed suicide.

Tomy to escaped from America to Canada and spend rest of his days playing rugby there. Although America accepted both these sprinters, they were not ready to take back their controversial salute of 1968.

### Conclusion

The unholy nexes between the sports and politics is as old as civilisation. In the year 1992 America's reputed Chess player Bobby Fischer participated in a chess competition in Yugoslavia in which he defeated Boris Spassky of Russia and won 3 million U.S dollars as prize money. This led to another great controversy for he reached Yugoslavia overruling the financial restrictions imposed by America on Yugoslavia and against national interest.

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